

Key Market Levels:

	Fri 4pm ET	YTD	S&P500 Sector	3 Month
S&P 500	3,771	-20.89%	Communications	-23.34%
NASDAQ COMPOSITE	10,475	-33.04%	Discretionary	-19.07%
DJIA	32,403	-10.83%	Energy	+16.50%
Russell 2000	1,799	-19.84%	Financials	-4.64%
Int'l Developed	1,770	-24.22%	Health Care	-2.10%
VIX	24.55	16.3Lo/38.9Hi	Industrials	-4.78%
Oil	92.60	+22.73%	Materials	-7.03%
Gold	1,686	-7.90%	Real Estate	-20.53%
Bitcoin	21,101	-54.57%	Staples	-4.85%
US 10 yr	4.16%	+265 bps	Technology	-19.67%
US 30 yr	4.25%	+244 bps	Utilities	-12.55%

Recapping Last Week

U.S. equities ended the week lower as investors were conflicted about interpreting the latest FOMC statement and payroll numbers. The Nasdaq Composite Index sank 5.5%, while the S&P500 dropped 3%+ and the Russell 2000 slid 2.5%. Eight of 11 S&P sectors were down, as communications, technology, and consumer discretionary all lost 5-6%+. Energy stocks managed gains as crude oil jumped nearly 5% on demand optimism. After another 75bps rate hike, Treasury yields rose as Fed chair Powell said that it was "very premature" to be thinking about pauses, reversing initial buoyancy provided by hopes of a deceleration in hawkish policy. October's jobs reports were still stronger than expected, with the ADP private payrolls rising by 239K and the government's figures adding 261K. The unemployment rate did tick up to 3.7%, but job openings in September surged to 10.72M and wage growth remained high, which is likely to keep inflation elevated. In other news, U.S. ISM PMIs stayed in expansion territory as higher prices shifted from goods to services. Worker productivity rebounded less than anticipated in Q3, while factory orders showed a loss in momentum as borrowing costs rose and exports declined. Internationally, the **Bank of England** raised interest rates by 75bps even while forecasting a prolonged recession. Australia's central bank opted for a smaller 25bps hike but indicated more tightening would be needed. In Europe, CPI soared to 10.7% YoY in October, while German factory orders plunged 4% MoM in September as energy costs weighed. Finally, China's manufacturing and services sectors slipped into contraction, but reopening hopes boosted equity valuations (see chart below).

The Week Ahead

As is typical following the labor report, this week's economic calendar is lighter but contains a few impactful events. In the U.S., Tuesday's midterm elections may set the tone for markets into year end, especially if the result is a split Congress and gridlock ensues. With the FOMC meeting in the rearview mirror, there will be a flurry of committee member speeches this week to parse. On Thursday, U.S. CPI is expected to accelerate compared to the prior month, as companies pass higher costs on to consumers and core prices continue to rise. The first look at November's consumer sentiment figures will close the week. Other announcements of note include consumer credit, small business sentiment, and 10- and 30-year Treasury auctions. In the UK, Friday's preliminary Q3 GDP reading is anticipated to show a contraction of -0.5%, but that may understate the economic malaise being felt by British households. The European Commission will release its quarterly economic forecasts, while the region's retail sales and investor confidence reports along with German industrial production are sprinkled throughout the week. Finally, China's factory gate inflation is expected to fall for the first time in nearly two years, with headline CPI easing to 2.4% YoY.

Chart of the Week: Asian Candles Flicker Bullish

A wave of optimism swept through Chinese stocks on the hope of improved relations with the U.S. and loosening Covid restrictions. A momentum shift in Hong Kong's Hang Seng Index (HSI:HK) produced a weekly bullish



engulfing candlestick pattern. Since the first week of July, the index had steadily moved lower, with an accelerating red candle to close the prior week. Prices dipped to a low of 14,597 but rallied the rest of last week to set up the engulfing pattern, a

potential bullish reversal signal. Click here to view chart.



November 7 - 11

2022

Monday:

EU German Industrial Production 0.2% exp, -0.8% prior

EU Sentix Investor Confidence -35.2 exp, -38.3 prior

U.S. Consumer Credit m/m 31.5B exp, 45.7 prior

Tuesday:

U.S. Midterm Elections

EU Retail Sales m/m 0.4% exp, -0.3% prior

U.S. NFIB Small Business Index 91.3 exp, 92.1 prior

China CPI/PPI y/y 2.4/-1.6% exp, 2.8/0.9% prior

Wednesday:

U.S. Crude Oil Inventories -3.1M prior

U.S. Final Wholesale Inventories 0.8% exp, 0.8% prior

U.S. 10-y Note Auction 3.93 b/c, 2.3% WI prior

Thursday:

U.S. CPI m/m 0.6% exp, 0.4% prior

U.S. Unemployment Claims 220K exp, 217K prior

Japan PPI y/y 8.8% exp, 9.7% prior

Friday:

UK Prelim GDP q/q -0.5% exp, 0.2% prior

EU Economic Forecasts

U.S. Prelim Consumer Sentiment 59.5 exp, 59.9 prior

Source: forexfactory.com

Questions or comments? Want to subscribe?

Contact our Strategy Desk:

strategydesk@schwab.com

1-800-227-0816

Hungry for more?



Follow us on Twitter! @MikeTurvey_TDA >>

@MFollett TDA >>

Earn CE credits at our weekly webcasts >>