Macro Monday

TD Ameritrade Institutional Trading Services

Key Market Levels:

	Fri 4pm ET	YTD	S&P500 Sector	3 Month
S&P 500	4,546	-4.62%	Communications	-9.35%
NASDAQ COMPOSITE	14,262	-8.84%	Discretionary	-7.14%
DJIA	34,818	-4.18%	Energy	+25.63%
Russell 2000	2,091	-6.87%	Financials	-7.17%
Int'l Emerging	1,146	-7.01%	Health Care	+2.77%
VIX	19.52	16.3Lo/38.9Hi	Industrials	-4.07%
Oil	99.55	+31.88%	Materials	-0.25%
Gold	1,927	+5.30%	Real Estate	+0.02%
Bitcoin	46,383	-0.14%	Staples	-0.99%
US 10 yr	2.38%	+87 bps	Technology	-4.50%
US 30 yr	2.42%	+51 bps	Utilities	+7.21%

Recapping Last Week

U.S. equities faded into the weekend to finish little changed as another solid jobs report was checked by yield curve concerns. The S&P500 Index was flat, while the Nasdaq Composite and Russell 2000 each gained 0.6%. Sector performance was mixed, with real estate (+4.5%) and utilities (+3.7%) the biggest winners, while financials dropped 3%+. Crude oil slumped 11%+ after the U.S. and other western nations announced plans to release oil from strategic reserves in an effort to cool soaring fuel costs. The closely watched 2yr-10yr Treasury yield spread flirted with inversion throughout the week, heightening fears that a recession may be on the horizon. Friday's NFP report came in slightly below expectations at +431K, but strong revisions to prior months and the unemployment rate ticking down to 3.6% only reinforced the case for a 50bps rate hike at the May FOMC meeting. Demand for workers has leveled off and quits are no longer rising, according to the JOLTS report. Price pressures continued to intensify as February's Core PCE Index increased 5.4% YoY and dented consumer spending for the month. Consumer confidence remained uneasy in March as Americans predicted inflation will rise 7.9% over the next year. In other news, March's ISM Manufacturing PMI slipped to 57.1 as prices paid rose sharply and new orders dropped precipitously. Wholesale inventories advanced 2.1% in February as the U.S. trade deficit declined for the first time in 3 months. Internationally, Eurozone inflation hit a record 7.5% YoY in March, further pressuring ECB policy. In Germany, March CPI rose 7.3% YoY, sending the consumer sentiment index tumbling to a 14-month low. Canada's economy grew in January despite headwinds, raising expectations that the BOC will hike by 50bps on April 13. Finally, China's manufacturing and services activity contracted in March at the steepest rate in 2 years, reflecting recent pains to control virus outbreaks.

The Week Ahead

Optimism for a ceasefire in Ukraine has faded as Russian forces appear to be repositioning rather than withdrawing. Russia's demands that natural gas payments be made in rubles may exert additional pressure on energy costs in Europe and the UK. In the U.S., equity markets look to rebound after their first quarterly loss since the beginning of the pandemic. The economic calendar is light as it typically is following the monthly employment report, with central bank activity the main draw. Late today the RBA will meet, but Australia is not expected to raise rates until at least June despite rising wages and inflation. The FOMC will release minutes from the March meeting on Wednesday, perhaps providing additional insight on just how aggressive the committee plans to be in May and beyond. Additionally, several Fed governors will deliver speeches throughout the week. Thursday the ECB's minutes will drop, and recent comments suggest that European policymakers feel they may be behind the curve on rates. Other U.S. releases of note include ISM Services PMI on Tuesday and consumer credit numbers on Thursday. The U.S. crude oil inventories account on Wednesday may be worth watching now that President Biden plans to release 1M barrels per day from the strategic reserve. Service PMIs will feature internationally, along with factory orders and industrial production figures from Germany.

Chart of the Week: Is Bitcoin Back?

Bitcoin futures (/BTC) have had a rough go since printing an all-time high last November, with prices cut in half in the subsequent three months. The downward momentum receded after the January low, as the MACD reversed course well before price. The \$45,000 level has been significant technical resistance ever since, holding on five occasions before finally breaking last week. Prices surged over 7% Monday, staying above former resistance and new support for most of the week. It appears the trend is pointing higher in the near term but watch for a break above last week's high for confirmation. Click here to view chart.





April 4 - 8

2022

Monday:

EU German Trade Balance 11.3B exp, 9.4B prior

BOE Gov Bailey Speaks

Canada BOC Business Outlook Survey

Australia RBA Rate Statement

Tuesday:

EU German Final Services PMI 55.0 exp, 55.0 prior

U.S. ISM Services PMI 58.6 exp, 56.5 prior

U.S. FOMC Member Brainard Speaks

China Caixin Services PMI 49.9 exp, 50.2 prior

Wednesday:

EU German Factory Orders m/m -0.2% exp, 1.8% prior

U.S. FOMC Meeting Minutes

U.S. Crude Oil Inventories -3.4M prior

Canada Ivey PMI 62.3 exp, 60.6 prior

Thursday:

EU German Industrial Production m/m 0.4% exp, 2.7% prior

EU Retail Sales m/m 0.6% exp, 0.2% prior

EU ECB Monetary Policy Minutes

U.S. Unemployment Claims 201K exp, 202K prior

U.S. FOMC Member Bullard Speaks

U.S. Consumer Credit m/m 16.9B exp, 6.8B prior

Friday:

U.S Final Wholesale Inventories m/m 2.1% exp, 2.1% prior

Canada Employment Change 65.5K exp, 336.6K prior

Source: forexfactory.com

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